

(Turnips)

Eat the leaves as well to get all of their nutritional content



May.

Jun.

The turnips we often see are Japanese white turnips that have a diameter of about 5-6 cm, and have larger harvests from April to June and from October to December. You can enjoy their different textures and tastes depending on when they are harvested.

How to Choose and Store

Roots: Choose those that are shiny and firm, and with green and fresh leaves. Cut off and store the leaves separately to prevent loss of moisture from the roots.



Recommended Dishes

Spring turnips are soft and delicious when eaten as quick pickles or a salad.



Leaves: miso soup, quick pickles, braised young sardines, etc.







Quick pickles

Marinated dish

vitamin C. calcium, etc. Reference material: Website "ehealthyrecipe" Daiichi Sankyo Co., Ltd. / Website "Toretate Daihyakka"

(Encyclopedia of seasonal food) JA Group / App "Wakuwaku Shokuzai Kenko Daijiten" (Encyclopedia of food and health) ChikyuOkoku, Ltd. / Standard Tables of Food Composition in Japan - 2020 (Eighth Revised Edition)

vitamin C, dietary fiber, diastase (digestive

enzyme that breaks down starches), etc.

Diastase is said to regulate

the stomach and intestines. and can be ingested efficiently if eaten raw. Leaves: dark-colored vegetable / Contain beta-carotene.

> [Note] When turnips are in season was roughly determined using statistical data from the Tokyo Metropolitan Central Wholesale Market as a guide

Sony Health Insurance Society Information

Nutritional Content

Roots: light-colored vegetable / Contain potassium.

See Sony Kenpo's Health Service website (English version)!

The website is available in English. Please be sure to read it.



Click "English" at the bottom of the homepage. http://www.sonykenpo.or.jp/

